# Optimal Harvesting Model for Mountain Ginseng (Panax ginseng) Production in South Korea 



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## :0: South Korea

- Land area: $100,210 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ ( $40 \%$ of Oregon)
- Population: 51 million (13 times more than population in Oregon)



## Cultivated Mountain Ginseng in South Korea



- The most profitable forest product
- Traditional medical herb species
- Rapidly growing domestic market


## Mountain Ginseng Production in South Korea



## Issues in Mountain Ginseng Management in South Korea

## High profitability!! But..

i) Extremely sensitive to the micro-site-specific environment
ii)The extremely lower survival rate as getting older after 6

- When \& Where \& How many?
® Mainly depends on cultivator’s subjective judgments
- Needs a decision-making model


## Objectives

## Development of an optimal harvesting model for mountain ginseng production



1. Evaluation of site suitability
2. Spatial and temporal management planning for mountain ginseng production


## Study Site - a forest ginseng farm

- Area: 20.5 ha



## Site Analysis

<Farm map>

<Grid patches of a farm>


## Geospatial Modeling for Site Suitability Assessment

Data collection


Site Suitability Assessment

Assess the site suitability for mountain ginseng production
-10m grid raster map at 1:5,000 scale

- Aspect: 0 - 2 (using linear transformation )

$$
-A^{\prime}=\cos (45-A)+1
$$

## GWR Model

- GWR: Geographically Weighted Regression (Fotheringham et al. 2002)
- Use selected variables by stepwise selection (Han et al. 2012) : Ca, Sand, Soil moisture, Solar, Aspect
- Bandwidth: Adaptive scheme
[Coefficients and Model summary]

| Coefficients | Min | Median | Max |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Intercept) | 0.6515 | 0.6683 | 0.6700 |
| Ca | -0.0007 | -0.0006 | -0.0005 |
| Sand | 0.0627 | 0.0631 | 0.0745 |
| Soil moisture | 0.0464 | 0.0471 | 0.0478 |
| Solar | 0.9422 | 0.9465 | 0.9509 |
| Aspect | 0.3436 | 0.3441 | 0.3445 |
| $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ /Adjusted R 2 | $\mathbf{0 . 5 6 / 0 . 4 9}$ |  |  |
| AIC | $\mathbf{9 9 . 1 5 8 7}$ |  |  |

## Site Suitability Analysis Using GWR

<Farm map>

<Suitability map>- Han et al. 2012

## Planning Considerations



## Treatment Options

(' $x$ ' implies harvest)


| 41 | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 42 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 43 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 44 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| 45 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - |
| 46 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |
| 47 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 48 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| 49 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - | - |
| 50 |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | - |

## Data

## - Price/ Yields

| Product | Price <br> (US\$/plant) | Yield (plants/ha) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sub-suitable site |  |
| 6 year-old | 30 | 15,000 | 9,000 |
| 7 year-old | 40 | 12,000 | 7,200 |
| 8 year-old | 50 | 10,000 | 6,000 |
| 9 year-old | 70 | 7,500 | 4,500 |
| 10 year-old | 80 | 4,000 | 2,400 |



- Production cost (Han et al. 2013)

| Product | Cost at age (US $\$ / \mathrm{ha})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |  |  |
| 6 year-old | 49,000 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 25,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 year-old | 49,000 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 23,500 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 year-old | 49,000 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 5,000 | 21,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 9 year-old | 49,000 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 18,000 |  |  |  |
| 10 year-old | 49,000 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 30,500 | 6,000 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 4,000 | 16,000 |  |  |

## Formulations

$\operatorname{Max} Z=\sum_{i=1}^{\text {nog }} \sum_{j=1}^{\text {not }}\left(r_{i j}-c_{i j}\right) \cdot a_{i} \cdot X_{i j}$
subject to

$$
\sum_{i=i}^{n o g} \sum_{j=1}^{n o t} X_{i j} \leq 1
$$

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n o g} \sum_{j=1}^{n o t} r_{i j} \cdot a_{i} \cdot X_{i j}-R_{t}=0
$$

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{\text {nog }} \sum_{j=1}^{\text {not }} c_{i j} \cdot a_{i} \cdot X_{i j}-C_{t}=0
$$

$$
\sum_{i=1}^{n o g} \sum_{j \in H t} a_{i} \cdot X_{i j}-H A_{t}=0
$$

## where,

$X_{i j} \begin{cases}1 & \text { if the } j \text {-th treatment is implemented for the } i \text {-th grid } \\ 0 & \text { otherwise }\end{cases}$
$r_{i j}: \quad$ The present value of revenue from the $j$-th treatment at the $i$-th grid
$c_{i j}: \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { The present value of cost from the } j \text {-th treatment at the } \\ & i \text {-th grid }\end{aligned}$
$a_{i}: \quad$ Area of the $i$-th gird
$R_{t}: \quad$ The present value of revenue at year $t$
$C_{t}$ : The present value of cost at year $t$
$H A_{t}$ : Harvest area at year $t$

Subject to (cont'd),

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{i=1}^{n o g} \sum_{j \in S t} a_{i} \cdot X_{i j}-S A_{t}=0 \\
& \sum_{i=1}^{n o g} \sum_{j \in E t} a_{i} \cdot X_{i j}-E A=0 \\
& E A \geq \gamma \cdot T A \\
& C_{t} \leq B D_{t} \\
& N P V_{t}-R_{t}+C_{t}=0 \\
& N P V_{t}-(1-\alpha) \cdot N P V_{t-1} \geq 0 \\
& N P V_{t}-(1+\beta) \cdot N P V_{t-1} \leq 0 \\
& 0 \leq X_{i j} \leq 1
\end{aligned}
$$

where (cont'd),
$S A_{t}$ : Seedling area at year $t$
$E A$ : Cultivating area at the end of the planning
$N P V_{t}$ : The net present value at time $t$
$B D_{t}$ : Budget at time $t$
$T A$ : Total area of a ginseng farm
$\alpha$ : Allowable decreasing rate
$\beta$ : Allowable increasing rate
$\gamma$ : Lower bound for cultivating area at the end of the planning
not: Number of treatments
nog : Number of grids

## Management Scenarios

| Scenario \# |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Objective | Max. NPV |  |  |  |  |
|  | Non-declining Yield | $\pm 10 \%$ | $\pm 20 \%$ | $\pm 10 \%$ | $\pm 20 \%$ |
|  | Budget | $\leq \$ 100,000$ | $\leq \$ 100,000$ | $\leq \$ 200,000$ | $\leq \$ 200,000$ |
|  | Ending area | $\geq 8$ ha | $\geq 8$ ha | $\geq 8$ ha | $\geq 8$ ha |

- Solver: CPLEX


## Net Profit



| Scenario \# | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total profit (US\$) | $3,330,420$ | $3,349,612$ | $3,928,264$ | $4,211,405$ |
| Annual profit (US\$/yr) | 176,521 | 186,463 | 207,703 | 210,570 |

## Harvesting \& Seedling Area



## Changes in Age Distribution

## Scenario 1 (1) Profit fluctuation $\pm 10 \%$ <br> (2) Budget $\leq \$ 100,000$



## Optimal Field Design (Present)



## Optimal Field Design ( $\mathrm{T}=5$ year)



## Optimal Field Design ( $\mathrm{T}=10$ year)



## Optimal Field Design (T = 20 year)



## Summary

- Optimal solutions for maximizing the profit considering
- site suitability for production
- sustained yield of mountain ginseng
- non-continuous cropping
- Optimal spatial-and-temporal field design for
- selecting specific locations of harvesting \& seedling sites
- managing age-distribution during production


## Decision-making model for supporting the intensive mountain ginseng production

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